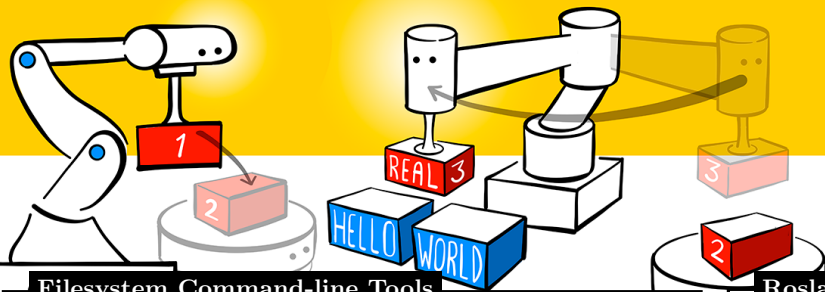


Hello (real) World with ROS Cheat Sheet



Filesystem Command-line Tools

roscd Changes directories to a package or stack
rosls Lists package or stack information
roscat Lists package or stack information
roscat -p Lists package or stack information
roscat -t Lists package or stack information
roscat -d Lists package or stack information
roscat -e Lists package or stack information
roscat -f Lists package or stack information
roscat -g Lists package or stack information
roscat -h Lists package or stack information
roscat -i Lists package or stack information
roscat -j Lists package or stack information
roscat -k Lists package or stack information
roscat -l Lists package or stack information
roscat -m Lists package or stack information
roscat -n Lists package or stack information
roscat -o Lists package or stack information
roscat -p Lists package or stack information
roscat -q Lists package or stack information
roscat -r Lists package or stack information
roscat -s Lists package or stack information
roscat -t Lists package or stack information
roscat -u Lists package or stack information
roscat -v Lists package or stack information
roscat -w Lists package or stack information
roscat -x Lists package or stack information
roscat -y Lists package or stack information
roscat -z Lists package or stack information

Usage:

```
$ roscd [package[/subdir]]
$ rosls [package[/subdir]]
$ roscat [package]
$ roscat -p [package]
$ roscat -t [package]
$ roscat -d [package]
$ roscat -e [package]
$ roscat -f [package]
$ roscat -g [package]
$ roscat -h [package]
$ roscat -i [package]
$ roscat -j [package]
$ roscat -k [package]
$ roscat -l [package]
$ roscat -m [package]
$ roscat -n [package]
$ roscat -o [package]
$ roscat -p [package]
$ roscat -q [package]
$ roscat -r [package]
$ roscat -s [package]
$ roscat -t [package]
$ roscat -u [package]
$ roscat -v [package]
$ roscat -w [package]
$ roscat -x [package]
$ roscat -y [package]
$ roscat -z [package]
```

Roscore

roscat is a collection of nodes and programs that are pre-requisites of a ROS-based system. You must have a **roscat** running in order for ROS nodes to communicate.

roscat is currently defined as:

```
master
parameter server
rosout
```

Usage:

```
$ roscat
```

Rosrun

roscat allows you to run an executable in an arbitrary package without having to `cd` (or `roscd`) there first.

Usage:

```
$ roscat package executable
```

Example - Run turtlesim:

```
$ roscat turtlesim turtlesim_node
```

Roslaunch

roscat starts ROS nodes both locally and remotely via SSH, as well as setting parameters on the parameter server.

Example - Launch the turtlebot simulation:

```
$ roscat turtlebot_gazebo turtlebot.world.launch
```

Rosnode

roscat displays debugging information about ROS nodes, including publications, subscriptions, and connections.

Commands:

```
roscat ping Test connectivity to node
roscat list List active nodes
roscat info Print information about a node
roscat kill Kills a running node
```

Rostopic

roscat is a tool for displaying debug information about ROS **topics**, including publishers, subscribers, publishing rate, and messages.

Commands:

```
roscat echo Print messages to screen
roscat hz Display publishing rate of topic
roscat list List active topics
roscat pub Publish data to topic
roscat type Print topic type
roscat find Find topics by type
```

Rosparam

roscat is a tool for getting and setting ROS **parameters** on the parameter server, using YAML-encoded files.

Commands:

```
roscat set Set a parameter
roscat get Get a parameter
roscat list List parameter names
```

Roservice

roscat is a tool for listing and querying ROS services.

Commands:

```
roscat list Print a list of active services
roscat node Print the name of the node providing a service
roscat call Call the service with the given args
roscat args List the arguments of a service
roscat type Print the service type
roscat find Find services by service type
```

tf Command-line Tools

tf_echo is a tool that prints information about a particular transformation between a **source_frame** and a **target_frame**.

Usage:

```
$ roscat tf tf_echo <source_frame> <target_frame>
```

Example - Echo transform between /map and /odom:

```
$ roscat tf tf_echo /map /odom
```

view_frames is a tool for visualizing the full tree of coordinate transforms.

Usage:

```
$ roscat tf view_frames
$ evince frames.pdf
```